Astro 426/526

Fall 2019

Prof. Darcy Barron

Lecture 4: Radiometers

Reminder from last week

- Radiometry: measuring the radiant flux (power) of electromagnetic radiation
 - Microwave radiometry: used to measure temperatures and properties of objects (astronomy and remote sensing)
- Fundamental limits in (classical) optics come from thermodynamics and the wave nature of light
 - Brightness is conserved
 - Diffraction limits the resolution, which depends on the size of the aperture
 - Etendue/throughput/A Ω is conserved, and also depends on size of aperture

eVscope | 100 times more powerful than a classical telescope



Finally see distant galaxies, and in partnership with SETI Institute, leverage its ease of use to contribute to science.

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2,144 backers pledged \$2,209,270 to help bring this projet o life.

Campaign

FAQ 27

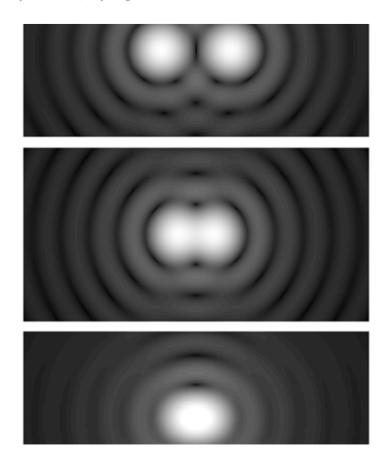
Updates 28

Comments 1,241

Community

Quantum mechanics technique allows for pushing past 'Rayleigh's curse'

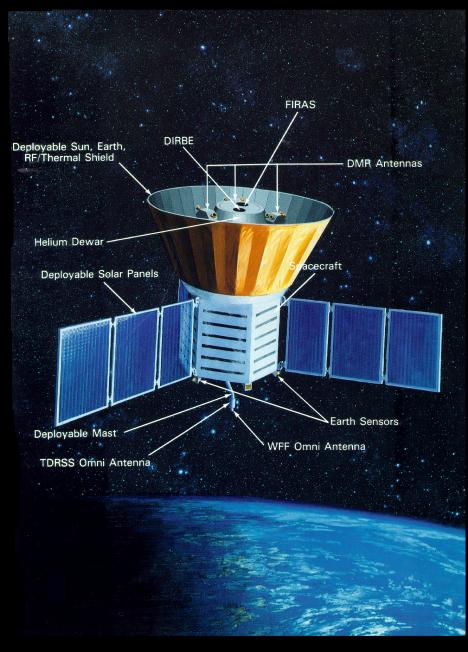
by Bob Yirka, Phys.org

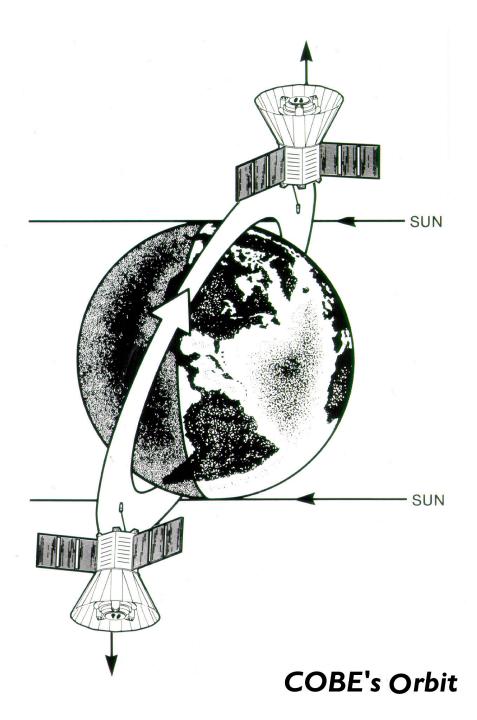


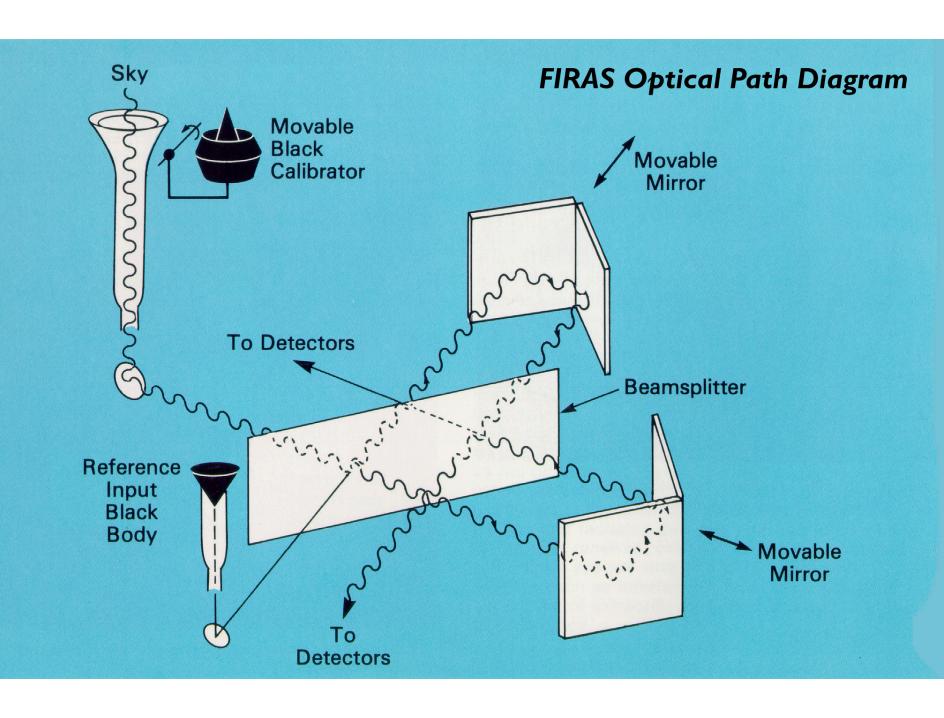
The Rayleigh criterion states that in direct imaging, two light sources are only discernable when the cen...

• https://phys.org/news/2016-09-quantum-mechanics-technique-rayleigh-curse.html

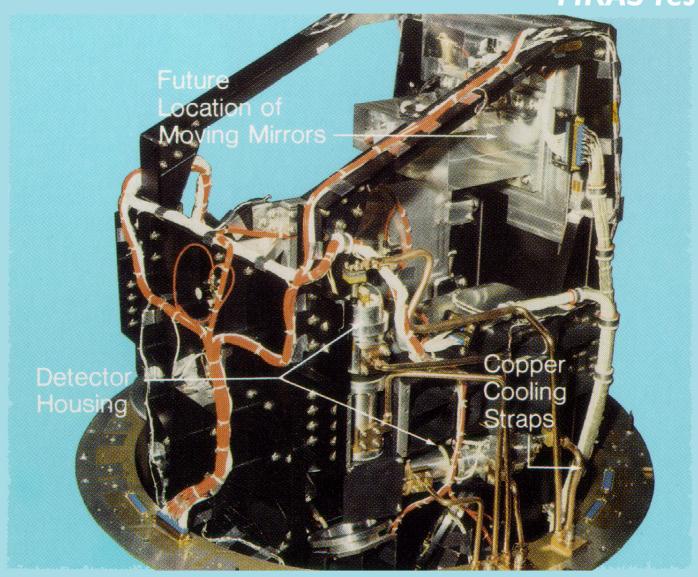
The COBE Satellite



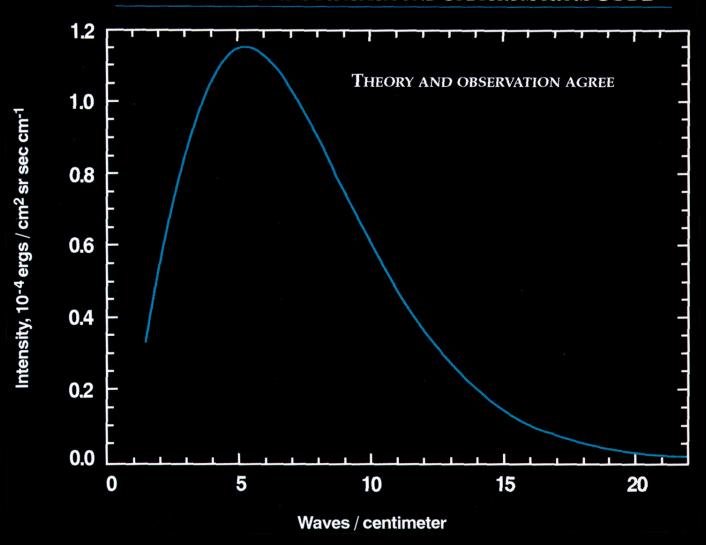




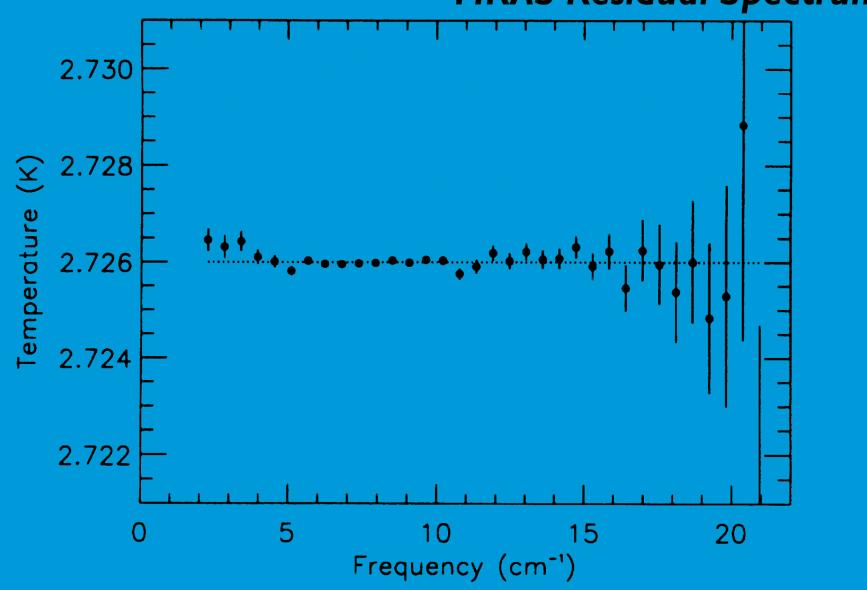
FIRAS Test Unit



COSMIC MICROWAVE BACKGROUND SPECTRUM FROM COBE



FIRAS Residual Spectrum



Submit your notebook

- Print as pdf and submit on Learn by the end of today for credit
- Folder: "In Class Assignments"

For next Wednesday

- No class Monday
- Read chapter 2 of Measuring the Universe
- Homework # 1 is posted on Learn
 - Due Monday, September 9 at the start of class
 - Two parts submitted separately
 - Part 2 must be submitted through Learn. Why? It will be graded anonymously and checked for plagiarism (compared with internet sources and other student's work). You are encouraged to work together, but write it in your own words.
- Next week: Telescope design principles